

VI OAKS AND MAPLES

Solano Canyon now has a fine stand of deciduous oaks and this grove is one of the most popular picnic areas in the park. In the summer the lawn is in dappled shade and winter brings sunshine into the valleys when the leaves are gone. A careful study of the space available for free play, picnic and hiking, reveals that the valley could be expanded to some degree to include the base of the surrounding slopes. The stands of oak and related species could then be increased to larger groves and the hillsides developed for short hikes in much the same character as the valley with masses of deciduous trees developed into extensive shady groves.

SPECIES

Acer macrophyllum
(Big Leaf Maple)
Acer platanoides
(Norway Maple)
Acer saccharinum
(Silver Maple)
Aesculus carnea
(Red Horsechestnut)
Betula maximowicziana
(Monarch Birch)
Celtis douglasii
(Douglas Celsia)
Diospyros virginiana
(American Persimmon)

Feijoa var. (screening)
(Pineapple Guava)
Koelreuteria var.
(Raintree)
Leptospermum var. (screening)
Macadamia ternifolia (hillsides)
(Queensland Nut)
Pistacia chinensis
(Chinese Pistache)
Prunus var. (Flowing Peach or
Nectarine - occasionally)
Pterocarya stenoptera
(Chinese Wingnut)
Punica granatum
(Flowering Pomegranate)
Quercus agrifolia
(California Live Oak)
Quercus alba
(American White Oak)
Quercus lobata
(Valley Oak)
Quercus robur
(English Oak)
Quercus suber
(Cork Oak)
Quercus virginiana
(Southern Live Oak)
Ribes speciosum (hillsides)
(Fuschia Flowering Gooseberry)
Robinia idahoensis
(Idaho Pink)
Salix matsudana 'fortusa'
(Corkscrew Willow)
Tilia var.
(Linden)
Wisteria (on trellis)



QUERCUS LOBATA
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